(XXXII Year.)

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1777.

LONDON, *May 6.*

BY a gentleman just returned from Portsmouth, we are informed, that when the Exeter was cruizing in the channel, in a hard gale of wind, she drove into the bay of Biscay, where she met with the Robuste, a French ship of seventy four guns, who hailed her, and enquired what she was doing in those seas; to which she answered, a hard gale of wind had drove them from their station, being on a cruize after the American ships bound to France; she informed the Exeter, that her orders were to cruize there, and protect the Americans against the English. The gentleman also says the French captain offered a copy of his instructions for that purpose, and was prepared to execute them with rigid attention. He had his tops manned, the swivels loaded ready for engaging, the tompions out of his great guns, and the matches lighted. This, the gentleman informs us, is a true state of the matter.

Extract of a letter from Rotterdam, March 30, 1777.

"Yesterday the prince of Anspatch arrived here with a regiment of chasseurs, to guard the recruits going to America, and prevent mutiny and desertion. Never was there exhibited, in any age or country, a more shocking spectacle; the poor wretches were many of them bound hands and feet, and transported in waggons and carts; but, notwithstanding this precaution, many of them found means to desert, and others were shot by the chasseurs in attempting to do it. No words can express the indignation which I felt from the barbarous treatment of these poor peasants (none of them were soldiers) thus torn from every attachment of country, of consanguinity, and of friendship, and sold to suffer and perish by the fatigues, diseases and dangers of a long voyage, and distant cruel wars. Their prince too discovered some emotions; but they were from vexation for the loss he was likely to sustain by those of his recruits, who either deserted, or were shot, before their actual delivery to the purchasers. At length however, the greatest part of these wretches were embarked, and the prince, like a true father of his people, returned to enjoy the price of their blood; which may not only enable him to recover his lost credit with his tradesmen, but perhaps, like the worthy prince of Hesse, to make the tour of Italy."

It is said that the German troops lately sent to America, in passing through a part of the Prussian dominions, came to a bridge where his Prussian majesty had been used to receive a toll for all the cattle passing over it; and that the king's officers, considering the troops who were thus sold to foreign service as no better than beasts, actually rated them as cattle, and refused them a passage until the toll was paid.

BON MOT.---Lord Stormont, whose time is chiefly employed in circulating reports to discredit the Americans, having in a very serious manner lately told a French nobleman that six battalions in Washington's army had laid down their arms, the nobleman applied to Dr. Franklin, to know whether the story was a *truth (une verité)* to which the doctor answered, "Non, Monsieur, ce n'est pas *une verité*, c'est seulement un *Stormont*: No, Sir, it is not a truth, it is only a *Stormont*." This answer was afterwards handed about amongst the wits of Paris, and the word *Stormont* has since become a cant phrase for a lie.

Dublin, May 24. We hear from Derry, that the American vessel lately put into that harbour with flaxseed, and other commodities, is under an arrest till it can be determined whether her clearance from New-York, now under his majesty's obedience, and a passport signed by gen. Sir William Howe, shall be allowed as exemptions from the late act for the confiscation of American property.

A gentleman, who was formerly lord chief justice of this kingdom, lately died here, and, it is reported, has bequeathed to his majesty a fortune in money and effates to the amount of three hundred thousand pounds, to enable him the better to carry on the war against his rebellious subjects in America.

BOSTON, *August 14.*

An officer at Albany writes his friend here thus, "The next time you hear from me I shall have conquered, or shall be in the world of spirits, for we are determined never to give up the fort, while any of us are alive. And I think there are small hopes for any of us to surrender, for while there are a number of savages with them, there will be no quarters given. Burgoyne intimates we need expect no quarters; I hope it will learn us to defend our forts, and not run away and leave them like children."

Thursday last arrived safe in port, the prize brig Devonshire, laden with about 230 hogsheads of rum, and 11,000 staves, bound from St. Kitt's for Corke, lately commanded by William Fisher, of Corke, and taken about the 9th ult. by the captains Oaks and Freeborn; who were in chase of a large sugar ship and a brig when the prize left them.

Capt. Freeborn engaged a sloop out of Newfoundland, with 12 double fortified four pounders, and near double the number of his own hands, two glasses, when he obliged her to bear away, much damaged. Captain Freeborn burst one gun and one swivel, and had four men slightly wounded.

Capt. M'Daniel, prize-master of the above brig, informs, that on the 19th ult. he spoke with the brig Pluto, Brown, and schooner Harlequin, Dennis, in concert, who had then been out 14 days, and had taken a brig from Jamaica for Quebec, laden with rum.

The next day capt. Oaks, above mentioned, returned safe in port. We hear he took a brig, after the above prize, laden with fish, and sent her for the West-Indies.

NEW-YORK, *August 4.*

Wednesday last the Syren frigate arrived here from Halifax, and has brought captain Fotheringham of the Fox, and about 40 of his seamen, with capt. Manly and his first lieutenant; the latter commanded the Fox when taken by the Flora. We hear Mr. Manly is on board the St. Albans.

Last Wednesday morning two wood boats from Long-Island were taken by a rebel privateer in the sound, near Hempstead harbour, and carried into Norwalk, in Connecticut.

STATE of VERMONT.

In council of safety, Bennington, August 16, 1777.

Brigadier-general Stark, from the state of New-Hampshire, with his brigade, together with the militia and companies of rangers raised by this state, with part of col. Symmons's regiment of militia, are now in action with a number of the enemy's troops assembled near this place, which has been for some time very severe. We have now in possession (taken from them this day) four brass field-pieces, ordnance stores, &c. This minute 4 or 500 prisoners have arrived. We have taken the ground, although fortified by entrenchments, &c. but after being drove about one mile, and the enemy being reinforced, made a second stand, and still continue the action. The loss on each side is doubtless considerable, but the numbers not ascertained. You are therefore in the most pressing terms requested by general Stark and his council, to forward the whole of the militia under your several commands to this place, without one minute's loss of time. They will proceed on horseback, with all the ammunition that can be provided conveniently. On our present exertions depends the fate of thousands.

I am, gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble servant,

JONAS FAY, Vice President.

PHILADELPHIA, *August 26.*

Last Sunday morning part of the continental army, amounting to about ten thousand men, with his excellency general WASHINGTON at their head, marched through this city, and immediately proceeded over the river Schuylkill, on their way, it is said, to the eastern shore of Maryland, where the enemy's fleet have lately been seen, and it is thought will make a descent upon that state. And yesterday morning general Nash's brigade of North-Carolina forces, and colonel Proctor's regiment of artillery, passed through this city, and we hear are to pursue the same route, in order to join our most illustrious general.

Extract of a letter from general SCHUYLER *to his excellency general* WASHINGTON, *dated Forts, five miles below Stillwater, August 15, 1777.*

"I am just informed that lieut. col. Willet is arrived at Albany. He advises, that after the engagement which gen. Herkimer had with the enemy, col. Ganlewoort ordered a sortie with two hundred and six men, commanded by lieut. col. Willet; that he made a successful attack on part of the enemy's lines, drove them across the river, and killed many. That sir John Johnson, he is informed, was among the slain. That he took and brought off a considerable quantity of baggage. That on his return to the fort he was ambuscaded, and attacked by a body of regular troops, who, after a fire by which Willet said not lose one man, were charged with fixed bayonets, and drove. He further informs, that between three and four hundred Indians were killed, wounded, and left the besiegers after the engagement. That the militia with gen. Herkimer lost about 160 killed and wounded. That gen. St. Ledyard, who commands the enemy's forces in that quarter, sent in a flag to demand the delivery of the fort, offering that the garrison should march out with their baggage, and not be molested by the savages. That if this was not complied with, he would not answer for the conduct of the Indians, if the garrison fell into their hands; and that they would certainly fall on the inhabitants: that gen. Burgoyne was in possession of Albany. [*The public are desired to take notice, that lieut. col. Willet did not inform, "that gen. Burgoyne was in possession of Albany," but that gen. St Ledyard sent this false information to col. Ganlewoort, in order to induce him to surrender the fort.*] That col. Ganlewoort, after animadverting on the barbarity and disgraceful conduct of the British officers, in suffering women and children to be butchered as they had done, informed the flag that he was resolved to defend the fort to the last; that he would never give it up as long as there was a man left alive to defend it; that he was well supplied with provisions and ammunition.

"Col. Ganlewoort being informed, that the militia were dispirited, expecting that the fort would soon fall, sent lieut. col. Willet out to cheer up their spirits; that he found the militia of Tryon county collecting with great alacrity, and as gen. Arnold, with the troops marched under his command, will probably reach the German flats on the 26th or 27th, I have great hopes that the siege will soon be raised."

Published by order of congress,

CHARLES THOMSON, secretary.

The following is Burgoyne's pompous proclamation, under which many of the credulous have lost their scalps.

By JOHN BURGOYNE, *Esq; lieut. gen. of his majesty's armies in America, col. of the queen's regiment of light dragoons, governor of Fort William in North Britain, one of the representatives of the commons of Great Britain, and commanding an army and fleet employed on an expedition from Canada, &c. &c.*

THE forces entrusted to my command are designed to act in concert, and upon a common principle, with the numerous armies and fleets which already display, in every quarter of America, the power, the justice, and, when properly sought, the mercy of the king.

The cause in which the British arms are thus exerted applies to the most affecting interests of the human heart; and the military servants of the crown, at first called forth for the sole purpose of restoring the rights of the constitution, now combine with love of their country, and duty to their sovereign, the other extensive incitement, which form a due sense of the general privileges of mankind. To the eyes and ears of the temperate part of the public, and to the breasts of suffering thousands, in the provinces, be the melancholy appeal, whether the present unnatural rebellion has not been made a foundation for the compleatest system of tyranny that ever God, in his displeasure, suffered for a time to be exercised over a froward and stubborn generation.

Arbitrary imprisonment, confiscation of property, persecution and torture, unprecedented in the inquisitions of the Romish church, are among the palpable enormities that verify the affirmative. These are inflicted by assemblies and committees, who dare to profess themselves friends to liberty, upon the most quiet subjects, without distinction of age or sex, for the sole crime, often for the sole suspicion of having adhered in principle to the government under which they were born, and to which by every tye, divine and human, they owe allegiance. To consummate these shocking proceedings, the profanation of religion is added to the most profligate prostitution of common reason; the consciences of men are set at nought; and multitudes are compelled not only to bear arms, but also to swear subjection to an usurpation they abhor.

Animated by these considerations at the head of troops in the full powers of health, discipline and valour, determined to strike where necessary, and anxious to spare where possible, I by these presents invite and exhort all persons, in all places where the progress of this army may point,---and by the blessing of God I will extend it far,---to maintain such a conduct as may justify me in protecting their lands, habitations and families. The intention of this address is to hold forth security, not depredation to the country. To those whom spirit and principle may induce to partake the glorious task of redeeming their countrymen from dungeons, and re-establishing the blessings of legal government, I offer encouragement and employment; and upon the first intelligence of their association, I will find means to assist their undertakings. The domestic, the industrious, the infirm, and even the timid inhabitants, I am desirous to protect, provided they remain quietly at their houses, that they do not suffer their cattle to be removed, nor their corn or forage to be secreted or destroyed; that they do not break up their bridges or roads; nor by any other act directly or indirectly endeavour to obstruct the operations of the king's troops, or supply or assist those of the enemy.

Every species of provision, brought to my camp, will be paid for at an equitable rate, and in solid coin.

In consciousness of christianity, my royal master's clemency, and the honour of soldiership, I have dwelt upon this invitation, and wished for more persuasive terms to give it impression, and let not people be led to disregard it, by considering their distance from the immediate situation of my camp---I have but to give stretch to the Indian forces under my direction, and they amount to thousands, to overtake the hardened enemies of Great-Britain and America. I consider them the same, wherever they may lurk.

If notwithstanding these endeavours, and sincere inclinations to effect them, the phrenzy of hostility should remain, I trust I shall stand acquitted in the eyes of God and men, in denouncing and executing the vengeance of the state against the wilful outcasts.---The messengers of justice and of wrath await them in the field; and devastation, famine, and every concomitant horror, that a reluctant but indispensible prosecution of military duty must occasion, will bar the way to their return.

JOHN BURGOYNE.

Camp near Ticonderoga, July 2, 1777.

By order of his excellency lieut. gen. ROB. KINGSTON, sec.

By lieutenant-general John Burgoyne, commanding an army and fleet of Great-Britain, against the revolted provinces of America.

To the inhabitants of Castleton, of Pawlet, Rutland, Tinmouth, Pawlett, Wells, Granville, and the neighbouring districts bordering on White-Creek, Cambden, Skenesborough, &c. &c. &c.

You are hereby directed to send from your several townships, deputations consisting of ten persons or more from each township, to meet col. Skeene at Castleton, on Wednesday July 16th, at ten in the morning, who will have instructions not only to give farther encouragement to those who complied with the terms of my late manifesto, but also to communicate conditions

ment may yet be spared.

This fail not to obey under pain of military execution.

JOHN BURGOYNE.

By order of his exc. the lieut. gen. ROB. KINGSTON, sec.

Head-quarters at Skeensborough-house, July 22, 1777.

To be SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

VOTES and PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

SENATE,

FEBRUARY and JUNE SESSIONS, 1777.

VOTES and PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

HOUSE of DELEGATES,

JUNE SESSION, 1777.

AND THE

LAWS

Passed last Session of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from the 2d Maryland regiment, the following men, viz. RALPH BEALL, about eighteen years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, of a swarthy complexion, formerly lived near Bladensburg, Prince-George's county.

ELIAKIM COLVERT, about the size of Beall, aged twenty-two years, formerly lived in Nanjemoy, Charles county.

AARON SPALDING, about 30 years of age, five feet ten or eleven inches high, formerly lived in St. Mary's county.

ALEXANDER SMART, about twenty-one or two years of age, born in Ireland, much pitted with the small-pox: Had on, when he went away, a coarse linen hunting-shirt. Deserted some time in May last.

WILSON JACKSON, about forty years of age, five feet ten inches high, has some gray hairs in the fore part of his head. Deserted some time in June last.

JOSEPH WINTENTON formerly lived in Anne-Arundel county, inlisted by major John Stewart. Any person apprehending said deserters, and delivering them to any officer of the 2d regiment, or bring them to Annapolis, shall have the above reward, or twenty dollars for either of them.

w6 JAMES WINCHESTER, lieut.

Annapolis, July 29, 1777.

ALL persons indebted to the late Dr. JOHN SHAW, on bond, note, or open account, are desired to make immediate payment, as this is the last time of asking, and may depend that suits will be brought against them without further notice.

ISAAC HARRIS, }
RUTH HARRIS, } Executors.

Annapolis, May 12, 1777.

NECESSITY COMPELS THE MEASURE.

THE term of the COPARTNERSHIP between WALLACE, DAVIDSON, AND JOHNSON, having expired on the first day of January last, and the present cruel and unjust war prosecuting by Great-Britain against the freedom of America, rendering it impracticable to renew the same; notice is hereby given, that by mutual consent the said PARTNERSHIP was dissolved on that day accordingly: It is necessary, therefore, our affairs be settled; wherefore we earnestly request all persons indebted to the concern in any manner, to make full and immediate payment, which has been too long neglected by many, who, taking advantage of the times,

——— from such conduct lenity ought not to be expected, yet such as have it not in their power immediately to settle their open accounts by payment, are, for the last time, desired to settle the same by bonds.

That branch of the business in the management of our Mr. JOHNSON, in London, will with fidelity be carefully attended to, until the completion thereof; and our friends experience of his past conduct will, we hope, sufficiently recommend him to their future favours, wherever his judgment, for mutual benefits, may direct him to settle.

tf WALLACE, DAVIDSON, AND JOHNSON.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge, Anne-Arundel county, near Green's mill, Patuxent river, July 7, 1777.

RAN away from the subscriber, a convict servant man, named GEORGE HOLT, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 23 or 24 years of age, light sandy hair tied back, has a weakness in one of his thumbs: Had on a country hat half worn, and a coarse country shirt almost new, one linsey jacket with a yellow cotton cape and one striped ditto with yellow metal buttons, coarse striped country trousers, old shoes newly sealed, old stockings black and blue, an old razor, and an old day-book with his name in many places in it. It is imagined he has forged a pass and will endeavour to get on board some vessel. Whoever secures the said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have ten dollars reward, and, if brought home, all reasonable charges paid, by me,

w11 WILLIAM RAY, jun.

WANTED,

A MILLER, capable of managing a merchant mill. Such a person may meet with encouragement by applying to the printer.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living at Patapsco slitting-mill, a convict servant man, named SAMUEL WRIGHT, by trade a millwright, but can turn his hands to almost any sort of business, thirty-eight years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, very swarthy complexion, black curling hair, much given to liquor: Had on a frize waistcoat without sleeves, leather breeches, half worn shoes, country linen shirt, and an old hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have, if taken ten miles from home, three pounds; if twenty miles, five pounds, if forty miles, seven pounds, and, if out of the province, the above reward.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, some time in March last, a NEGRO man, named JACK, commonly called Jack Gutrick, formerly belonged to col. Hooe, of Charles county, and sold by him to Dr. Walter Jenifer, of said county; he is a short, well set fellow, remarkable thick lips. Whoever takes up and secures said negro, so as his master may get him again, shall have ten pounds; if delivered at Northampton Furnace, about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, shall have the above reward, paid by

Captain CHARLES RIDGELY.

N. B. Whoever may happen to take said negro are desired to confine him well in irons.

Annapolis, June 18, 1777.

STRAYED from the plantation of Richard Burland, on the north side of Severn river, about five or six weeks ago, a large valuable red COW, with remarkable large horns, which grow almost upright; she gave milk when she went away, and may be known in the neighbourhood by her having a very short tail. Any person who will deliver her at the plantation from whence she strayed, shall receive 20s. reward.

tf

Annapolis, June 2[illegible], 1777.

BROKE GAOL last night, the following prisoners, viz.

THOMAS BYRNE, committed on suspicion of forgery, about five feet eight inches high, of a dark complexion, long visaged, black short hair: Had on, when he made his escape, a felt hat, red silk handkerchief spotted with white, an old blue coat with short skirts, a light coloured cloth jacket, regimental made,

with buttons marked $\frac{M}{M}$ country made shoes, with a remarkable small pair of brass buckles in them.

NEGRO JEM, under sentence of death, about five feet nine inches high, between fifty and sixty years of age, and has a lump on his forehead something like a wen: Had on, when he made his escape, a light-coloured coat, turned up with white.

JOSEPH WILLIAMS, committed for want of security for his good behaviour, about 30 years of age, 5 feet ten inches high, has short light coloured hair, is of a ruddy complexion, and has thick lips: He is much given to liquor, and when intoxicated therewith is exceedingly abusive.—Any person who apprehends any of the above persons, and secures them, so that they may be had again, shall receive five pounds reward for any or each of them.

Also committed to my custody, as a runaway, a negro man, named ISAAC, formerly the property of the above Joseph Williams, and says he belongs to Benjamin Darby, of Montgomery county. His master is hereby requested to take him away and pay charges.

tf THOMAS DEALE, sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

St. Mary's county, July 4, 1777.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's pasture, on Wednesday the 18th of June last, a dull sorrel pacing STONE-HORSE, about 14 hands high, three years old, has a feather on each jaw, and has lost his left eye. A reward of forty dollars will be given to any person who will deliver the said horse to me, living near St. Clement's-Bay, or secure him so that I may get him again.

w8 ARTHUR THOMPSON.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

Calvert county, June 18, 1777.

RAN away, the first of last month, a negro man, named WILL, of a yellowish complexion, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high: Had on an old white country kersey wove waistcoat and breeches, and an osnabrig shirt. He was seen, about three weeks ago, in the neighbourhood of London-Town, and was then on his way to Baltimore.—Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any gaol, so that he may be had again, may receive the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges, if brought home.

tf BENJ. MACKALL 4th.

Prince-George's county, July 23, 1777.

WILLIAM WATERS takes this method to desire all those whose accounts have been standing with him unsettled twelve months, to make immediate payment, which will prevent trouble and expence to them as well as to himself.

tf

Piscataway, July 1, 1777.

For SALE,

MY lot in Piscataway: The improvements thereon are, a dwelling-house two stories high, thirty by eighteen, two rooms below, and two above, a stone cellar the dimensions of the house, a stable thirty by fourteen, a story and a half high, and an old store-house, new covered about three years ago, and with a small expence may be made either a convenient store-house or kitchen; the lot is inclosed with locust posts and oak paling, and contains near an acre. Part of the price may be made easy to the purchaser, on giving proper security, with interest.

tf ALEX. HAMILTON.

To be SOLD,

THAT large three story BRICK HOUSE, in Chester-Town, late the property of Dr. William Murray. It is situated in the most public and pleasant part of the town; has large commodious buildings adjoining, well adapted for any kind of public business. For terms apply to Mr. John Galloway, in Chester-Town, or to

tf JAMES MURRAY, in Annapolis.

July 16, 1777.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from my company, in col. John Gunby's regiment of the Maryland forces, a certain JOHN TRIM, who sometimes passes for John Saddler, and last week enlisted with capt. Reynolds, by the name of John Burrel. He is a native of Ireland, about forty years of age, near six feet high, swarthy complexion, short black hair, a bold look, one of his fingers, or lately healed; his cloaths unknown, as he several times has changed them; he is very talkative when in liquor, especially about his exploits at sea, and what a valiant sailor he was in his younger years. Whoever secures said deserter in Frederick-Town gaol, shall receive the above reward, besides the charges allowed by the honourable congress.

w3 BENJ. SPYKER, Capt.

N. B. It is supposed he is now near Sharpsburg, or Shepherds-Town, in Virginia.

Maryland, Anne-Arundel county, August 14, 1777.

To be SOLD to the best bidder, and most advantage, on the 25th day of September next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, pursuant to the last will and testament of West Burgess, deceased, on the premises,

ABOUT three hundred and twenty-three acres of level valuable LAND well timbered, mixed with hiccory; about eighty acres cleared, and under good fence; situate between Severn and Magothy rivers, and not above three quarters of a mile from either, which are famous for fish and oisters, convenient to three or four water-mills, and about nine miles from the city of Annapolis. It is adapted for a farmer or a planter; about fifty acres of meadow may be made; fruit-trees of all kinds; between three and four hundred apple-trees, which have been planted about twelve years, chiefly of the English kind of fruit; there is on said land a dwelling house, with three rooms on the lower floor, and sundry out-houses.—Any person desirous of purchasing, may view the premises, by applying to Elijah Robeson, who lives adjoining to the said land, and will shew the same. Any passing current money will be taken in payment, by

tf ELISABETH BURGESS, Executrix.

Notice is hereby given, to all persons who have any demands against said estate, to bring in their account properly proved: Also those who are indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

July 9, 1777.

ALL persons indebted, on open account, to the copartnership of JAMES DICK and STEWART, or to either of them, are requested to discharge the same by payment, or to settle and give bonds for their debts, with security, where required, which will save all further trouble, as, if this request is not soon complied with, suits will be commenced without farther notice.—Attendance will be given on every Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, at the subscriber's store at Annapolis, and on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, at his house in London-Town.

tf JAMES DICK.

Instead of attending at Annapolis as above mentioned, attendance will now be given every Thursday and Friday, at Newington Rope-walk, near Annapolis.

J. D.

ANY person or persons, who will undertake the STOCKING of MUSKETS for this STATE, may have any number, and all the materials found, by applying to

JOHN SHAW, Annapolis.

Wanted, a quantity of OLD BRASS, for which a good price will be given.

Calvert county.

RAN away from the subscriber, the 27th day of July last, a lusty NEGRO man, named Tom, about twenty-five years of age, of a yellowish complexion, and has a down look, his wool is combed up before, and his crown is oftentimes shaved, he is a tolerable good shoemaker, and understands the water, as he has been used to go in the boat with me: Had on, when he went away, a gray fearnought coat, one dufil ditto, country cloth breeches, striped and bound before with blue, one pair of blue cloth ditto, one country linen shirt, and one white ditto, one pair of white yarn stockings, one pair of shoes with brass buckles, and a straw hat bound with black; he speaks short in a muttering way. Whoever takes up the said negro, and secures him so that the owner may get him again, shall receive ten dollars reward, paid by

w6 HILARY WILSON.

To the PUBLIC,

HIS excellency the governor, having authorised and empowered the subscriber to finish his business in the several courts, all persons are desired to take notice of the same. Letters directed to the subscriber in Annapolis will be duly attended to.

BENJAMIN GALLOWAY.

Annapolis, July 16, 1777.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform all persons indebted to THOMAS HARWOOD and JOHN BRICE, or to himself, that constant attendance will be given in the LOAN OFFICE at Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving payment or satisfactory settlements, for all monies due them, and, as long indulgences have been given them, hopes regard will be paid to this notice, as it may prevent a great deal of trouble, and will very much oblige their

Humble servant,

THO. HARWOOD, jun.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by FREDERICK GREEN.